Year 6 – Yearly Overview

		Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Automo		Number- Place Number- Addition Value Multiplication		•	•	Fractions			Geometry- Position and Direction		Consolidation		
Chrind	2011100	Number- Decimals		Num Percer		-	nber- ebra	Measurement Converting units	Measurement Perimeter, Area and Volume		er- Ratio	Consolidation	
Cummer		Geometry- Properties of Shapes		Prol	olem solv	[,] ing St		istics	cs Investigations			Consolidation	

Year 6 – Autumn Term

Week 1 Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number: Place Value Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit. Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above.	Number- addition Solve addition and deciding which op Multiply multi-dig the formal writter Divide numbers up formal written me whole number ren for the context. Divide numbers up written method of to the context. Perform mental ca large numbers. Identify common Use their knowled calculations involv Solve problems in division. Use estimation to the context of a p	d subtraction mu perations and me it number up to 4 in method of long p to 4 digits by a ethod of long divi mainders, fractio p to 4 digits by a f short division, in alculations, inclue factors, common lge of the order of ving the four ope volving addition, check answers to	Iti step problems thods to use and 4 digits by a 2-dig multiplication. 2-digit whole nu sion, and interpr ns, or by roundir 2-digit number u nterpreting rema ding with mixed multiples and p of operations to o rations. subtraction, mu	in contexts, why. git number using mber using the ret remainders as ng as appropriate using the formal ainders according operations and rime numbers. carry out ltiplication and d determine in	multiples to exp Compare and of Generate and of fractions) Add and subtra- mixed numbers Multiply simpled in its simplest f Divide proper f $=\frac{1}{6}$] Associate a fraction equiva fraction [for exp Recall and use of	actors to simplify press fractions in order fractions, in describe linear nu- tect fractions with s, using the conce e pairs of proper- form [for example ractions by whol ractions by whol ction with divisio lents [for examp ample $\frac{3}{8}$] equivalences bet ercentages, inclu	the same denomination including fraction umber sequence different deno- ept of equivalent fractions, writing $e^{\frac{1}{4}} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$] e numbers [for n and calculate ole, 0.375] for a	omination. ns > 1 res (with ominations and nt fractions. ng the answer r example $\frac{1}{3} \div 2$ e decimal simple ractions,	Geometry- Position and Direction Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants). Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes.	Consolidation

Year 6 – Spring Term

Week 1 Week 2	Week 3 Week 4	Week 5 Week 6	Week 7	Week 8 Week 9	Week 10 Week 11	Week 12
Number: Decimals Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to 3 decimal places and multiply numbers by 10, 100 and 1,000 giving answers up to 3 decimal places. Multiply one-digit numbers with up to 2 decimal places by whole numbers. Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to 2 decimal places. Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy.	Number: Percentages Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison. Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages including in different contexts.	Number: Algebra Use simple formulae Generate and describe linear number sequences. Express missing number problems algebraically. Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns. Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.	Measurement Converting Units Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate. Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to 3dp. Convert between miles and kilometres.	Measurement: Perimeter, Area and Volume Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa. Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes. Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cm ³ , m ³ and extending to other units (mm ³ , km ³)	Number: Ratio Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts. Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found. Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples.	Consolidation

Year 6 – Summer Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Geometry: Prog Shapes Draw 2-D shape given dimension angles. Compare and cl geometric shap their properties and find unknow in any triangles, quadrilaterals a polygons. Recognise angle they meet at a p on a straight lin vertically oppos find missing ang	es using ins and lassify bes based on s and sizes wn angles s, and regular es where point, are ne, or are site, and	<u>Problem Solvi</u>	ng		Statistics Illustrate and r circles, includir diameter and c and know that is twice the rac Interpret and c charts and line use these to so Calculate the n average.	ng radius, circumference the diameter dius. construct pie graphs and olve problems.	Investigations				Consolidation